

# PEPAXTO® (melphalan flufenamide) NOW APPROVED BY THE FDA



WEBCAST, March 1, 2021



# DISCLAIMER

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**IMPORTANT:** You must read the following before continuing. The following applies to this document, the oral presentation of the information in this document by Oncopeptides AB (the “Company”) or any person on behalf of the Company, and any question-and-answer session that follows the oral presentation (collectively, the “Information”).

The Company has filed a New Drug Application with the US FDA seeking approval for melphalan flufenamide in combination with dexamethasone for the treatment of adult patients with multiple myeloma whose disease is refractory to at least one proteasome inhibitor, one immunomodulatory agent, and one anti-CD-38 monoclonal antibody. The safety and efficacy have not been established. It has not been approved for use by any regulatory agency.

Melflufen is an abbreviated form of the international non-proprietary name (INN) melphalan flufenamide

The Information contains forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in the Information are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give the Company’s current expectations and projections relating to its financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. These statements may include, without limitation, any statements preceded by, followed by or including words such as “target,” “believe,” “expect,” “aim,” “intend,” “may,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “will,” “can have,” “likely,” “should,” “would,” “could” and other words and terms of similar meaning or the negative thereof. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors beyond the Company’s control that could cause the Company’s actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the expected results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company’s present and future business strategies and the environment in which it will operate in the future.

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# PARTICIPANTS



MARTY J DUVALL  
Chief Executive Officer



ANDERS MARTIN-LÖF  
Chief Financial Officer



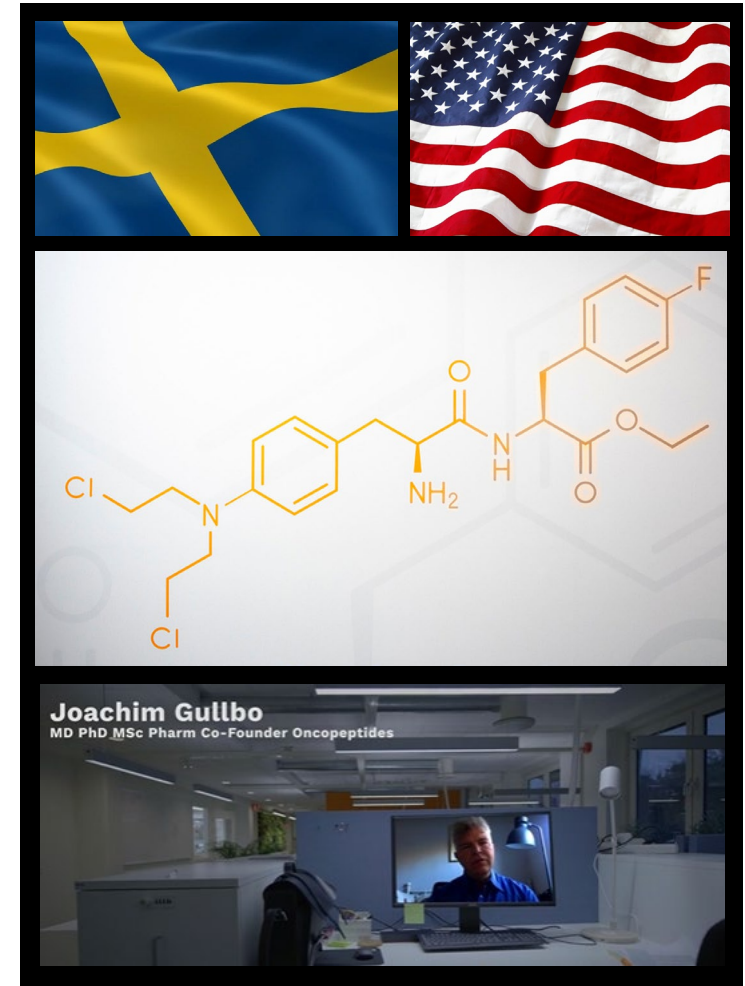
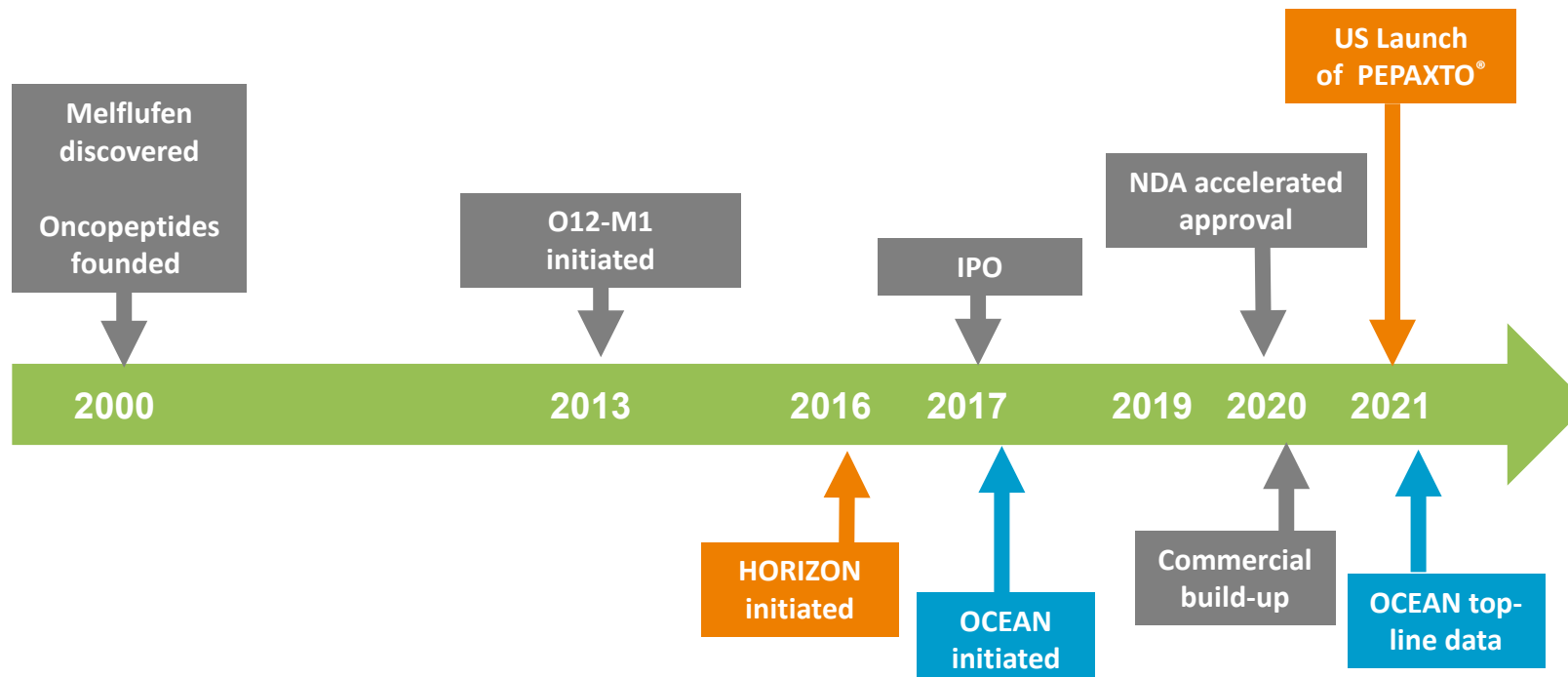
KLAAS BAKKER  
Chief Medical Officer



JAKOB LINDBERG  
Chief Scientific Officer

# A SUCCESSFUL JOURNEY OF INNOVATION

- Founded in Stockholm, Sweden in 2000
- Collaborations with Uppsala University, Karolinska Institute and Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
- Transformation to a global commercial biotech company



# HORIZON STUDY UNDERPINS THE FDA APPROVAL OF PEPAXTO

## JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY (DECEMBER 2020)



### INCLUSION CRITERIA

- Adult multiple myeloma patients with documented disease progression
- At least 2 prior lines of therapy including an IMiD and a PI and a disease that at a minimum is refractory to pomalidomide and/or daratumumab

### PATIENT INFORMATION

- 157 patients were recruited in total
- Median age – 65
- Median of 5 prior lines of therapy
- 76% of patients were triple-class refractory (or more)
- 59% of patients were refractory to previous alkylator therapy
- 35% of patients suffered from extramedullary disease (EMD)

**Melflufen and Dexamethasone in Heavily Pretreated Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma**

Paul G. Richardson, MD<sup>1</sup>; Albert Oriol, MD<sup>2</sup>; Alessandra Larocca, MD, PhD<sup>3</sup>; Joan Bladé, MD, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Michele Cavo, MD<sup>5</sup>; Paula Rodríguez-Otero, MD, PhD<sup>6</sup>; Xavier Lelou, MD, PhD<sup>7</sup>; Omar Nadeem, MD<sup>8</sup>; John W. Hiemenz, MD<sup>9</sup>; Hani Hassoun, MD<sup>10</sup>; Cyrille Touzeau, MD, PhD<sup>11,12,13</sup>; Adrián Alegre, MD<sup>14</sup>; Agne Paner, MD<sup>15</sup>; Christopher Maisel, MD<sup>16</sup>; Amitabha Mazumder, MD<sup>17</sup>; Anastasios Raptis, MD<sup>18</sup>; Jan S. Moreb, MD<sup>19</sup>; Kenneth C. Anderson, MD<sup>20</sup>; Jacob P. Laubach, MD, MPP<sup>21</sup>; Sara Thuresson, MSc<sup>22</sup>; Marcus Thuresson, PhD<sup>23</sup>; Catrina Byrne, RN<sup>24</sup>; Johan Harmenberg, MD<sup>25</sup>; Nicolas A. Bakker, MD, PhD<sup>26</sup>; and María-Victoria Mateos, MD, PhD<sup>27</sup>; on behalf of the HORIZON (OP-106) Investigators

**PURPOSE** Melflufen (melflufen) is a first-in-class peptide-drug conjugate that targets aminopeptidases and rapidly and selectively releases alkylating agents into tumor cells. The phase II HORIZON trial evaluated the efficacy of melflufen plus dexamethasone in relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM), a population with an important unmet medical need.

**PATIENTS AND METHODS** Patients with RRMM refractory to pomalidomide and/or an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody received melflufen 40 mg intravenously on day 1 of each 28-day cycle plus once weekly oral dexamethasone at a dose of 40 mg (20 mg in patients older than 75 years). The primary end point was overall response rate (partial response or better) assessed by the investigator and confirmed by independent review. Secondary end points included duration of response, progression-free survival, overall survival, and safety. The primary analysis is complete with long-term follow-up ongoing.

**RESULTS** Of 157 patients (median age 65 years; median five prior lines of therapy) enrolled and treated, 119 patients (76%) had triple-class-refractory disease, 55 (35%) had extramedullary disease, and 92 (59%) were refractory to previous alkylator therapy. The overall response rate was 29% in the all-treated population, with 26% in the triple-class-refractory population. In the all-treated population, median duration of response was 5.5 months, median progression-free survival was 4.2 months, and median overall survival was 11.6 months at a median follow-up of 14 months. Grade ≥ 3 treatment-emergent adverse events occurred in 96% of patients, most commonly neutropenia (79%), thrombocytopenia (76%), and anemia (43%). Pneumonia (10%) was the most common grade 3/4 nonhematologic event. Thrombocytopenia and bleeding (both grade 3/4 but fully reversible) occurred concomitantly in four patients. GI events, reported in 97 patients (62%), were predominantly grade 1/2 (93%); none were grade 4.

**CONCLUSION** Melflufen plus dexamethasone showed clinically meaningful efficacy and a manageable safety profile in patients with heavily pretreated RRMM, including those with triple-class-refractory and extramedullary disease.

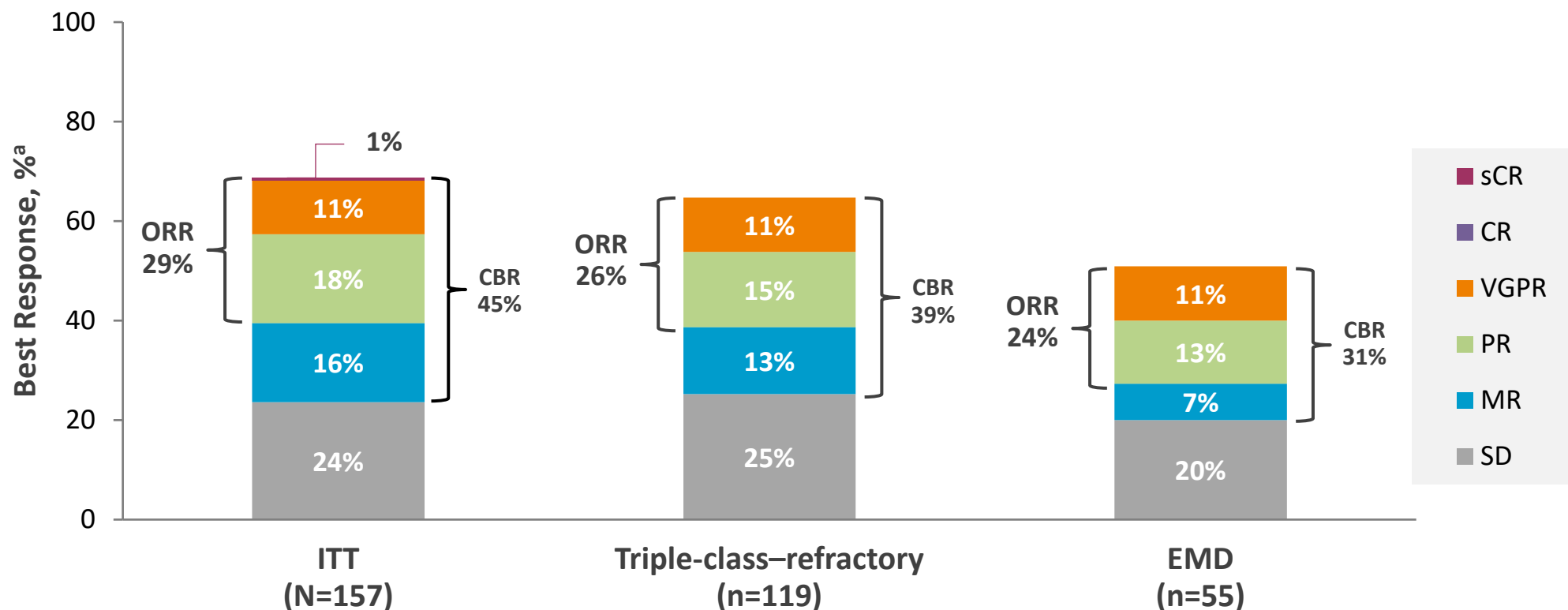
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**INTRODUCTION**  
Outcomes are particularly poor for patients with high-risk cytogenetics, extramedullary disease, and MM resistant to multiple drug classes, including those with triple-class-refractory disease who represent groups with a high unmet need.<sup>1,3,4</sup> Furthermore, patients with relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM) may have comorbidities because of age, disease symptoms, and cumulative toxicities stemming from previous therapies.<sup>5,6</sup> There is an urgent requirement for agents with novel mechanisms of action that are effective, safe, and tolerable and that maintain quality of life in patients with aggressive and resistant disease.

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# HORIZON STUDY – TOP LINE RESULTS

IN PATIENTS WITH HEAVILY PRETREATED RELAPSED AND REFRACTORY MM



In the ITT Population, the overall response rate was 29% with median duration of response at 5.5 months, median PFS was 4.2 months and median overall survival was 11.6 months. Grade  $\geq 3$  treatment emergent AEs occurred in 96% of patients, most commonly neutropenia (79%), thrombocytopenia (76%) and anemia (43%).

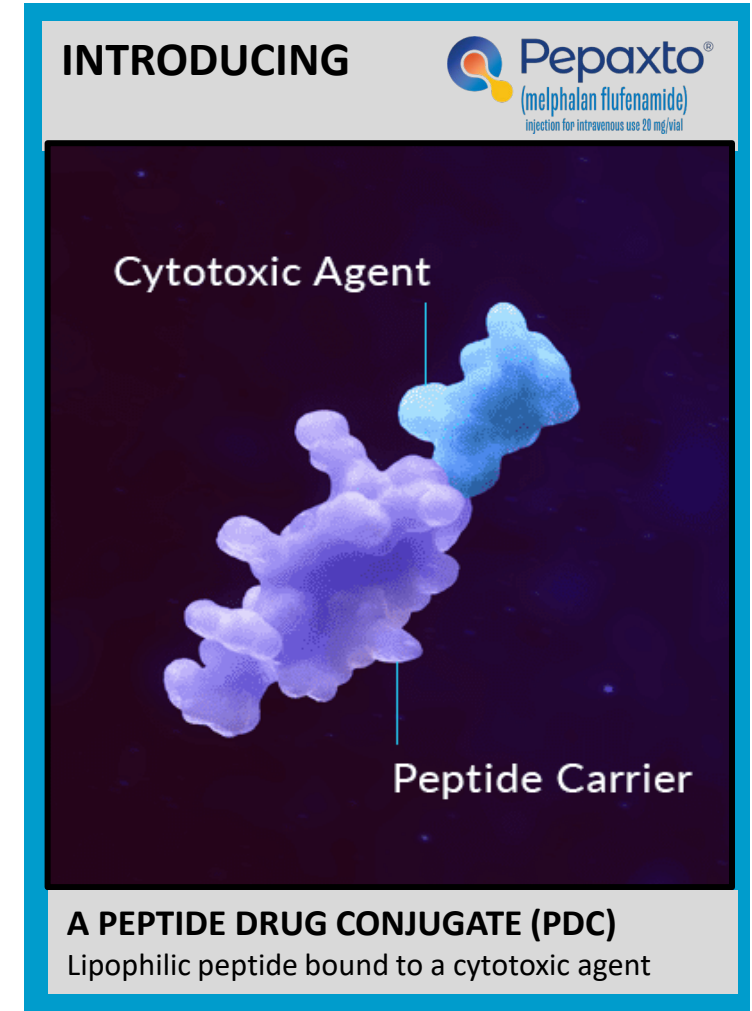
HORIZON data published in Journal of Clinical Oncology in December 2020

# FDA GRANTS ACCELERATED APPROVAL IN RRMM

## PEPAXTO - FIRST ANTI-CANCER PEPTIDE DRUG CONJUGATE

### MECHANISM OF ACTION

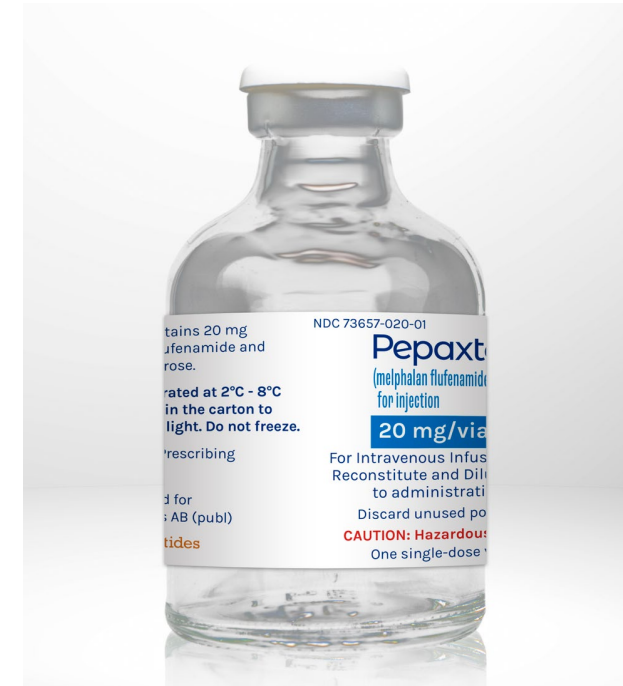
Melphalan flufenamide is a **peptide conjugated alkylating drug**. Due to its **lipophilicity**, melphalan flufenamide is passively distributed into cells and thereafter **enzymatically hydrolyzed to melphalan**. Similar to other nitrogen mustard drugs, **cross-linking of DNA is involved** in the antitumor activity of melphalan flufenamide. In cellular assays, melphalan flufenamide **inhibited proliferation and induced apoptosis of hematopoietic and solid tumor cells**. Additionally, melphalan flufenamide showed synergistic cytotoxicity with dexamethasone in **melphalan resistant and non-resistant** multiple myeloma cell lines.



# FDA GRANTS ACCELERATED APPROVAL IN RRMM

## PEPAXTO OFFERS HOPE TO PATIENTS WITH HIGH UNMET MEDICAL NEED

- FDA approval based on a sub population of the HORIZON study (n=97) with high unmet medical need, defined in Table 5 of the label, of which 41% had extramedullary disease (EMD) and 75% had alkylator refractory disease
- Initial label targets patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma, whose disease is refractory to at least one proteasome inhibitor, one immuno-modulatory agent, and one CD38-directed antibody, who have received at least four prior lines of therapy
- Commercial drug available to patients within 2 weeks



# PEPAXTO DATA IN THE COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

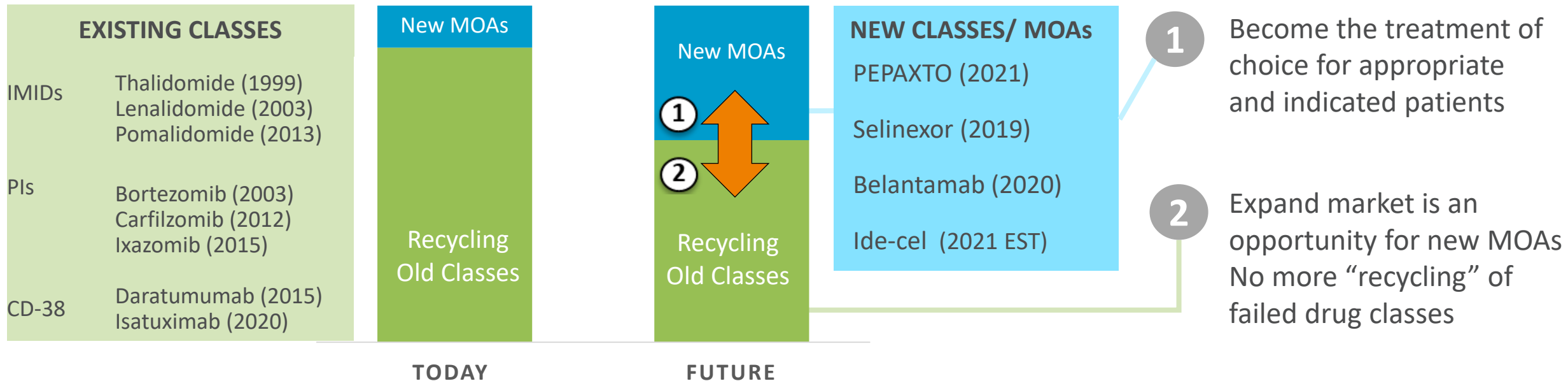
## TRIPLE CLASS REFRACTORY PATIENTS WITH >FOUR PRIOR LINES OF TREATMENT

|                                                                                                                                                                                     | PEPAXTO<br>Oncopeptides<br>US Approval, Feb 2021 | Selinexor<br>Karyopharm<br>US approval, July 2019                                                                                                  | Belantamab Mafodotin<br>GSK<br>US Approval, Aug 2020                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| U.S label                                                                                                                                                                           | Triple Class Refractory                          | Penta Refractory                                                                                                                                   | Triple Class Exposed                                                         |
| Number of patients studied                                                                                                                                                          | 97                                               | 122                                                                                                                                                | 95                                                                           |
| Share of patients with EMD                                                                                                                                                          | 41%                                              | 22%                                                                                                                                                | 20%*                                                                         |
| Overall Response/Clinical Benefit Rate                                                                                                                                              | 24% / 37%                                        | 25% / 39%                                                                                                                                          | 31% / 36%*                                                                   |
| mDOR / mPFS responders                                                                                                                                                              | 4.2m / 8.7m                                      | 3.8m / 4.0m                                                                                                                                        | 11.0m/NR                                                                     |
| Progression-free survival                                                                                                                                                           | 3.8 months                                       | 3.7 months                                                                                                                                         | 2.9 months*                                                                  |
| Overall survival                                                                                                                                                                    | 9.1 months                                       | 8.0 months                                                                                                                                         | 13.7 months*                                                                 |
| Dose reduction, % of patients                                                                                                                                                       | 27%                                              | 49%                                                                                                                                                | 29%                                                                          |
| Gr3/4 bleeding events, % of patients                                                                                                                                                | 3.8%                                             | 3.0%                                                                                                                                               | 2.1%                                                                         |
| Non-hematologic toxicity (grade 3/4) reported in >5% of patients                                                                                                                    | Pneumonia 11%**                                  | Fatigue 25%<br>Hyponatremia 20%<br>Nausea 10%<br>Pneumonia 9%<br>Diarrhea 7%<br>Sepsis 6%<br>Hypokalemia 6%<br>Mental status 6%<br>General det. 6% | Keratopathy 44%<br>Decreased Visual Acuity 28%<br>Pneumonia 7%<br>Pyrexia 6% |
| <p>Source: FDA Label documents for PEPAXTO, Xpovio and Blenrep (items marked with '*' is data from DREAMM-2 as published in Lancet).</p> <p>**Safety data based on 157 patients</p> |                                                  |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                              |

# TWO-PRONGED STRATEGIC APPROACH

## BECOME TREATMENT OF CHOICE AND EXPAND MARKET

**Driving change in today's RRMM treatment paradigm**  
Common Practice to "recycle" drugs within existing classes as patients progress



# PROMOTION AND PATIENT SUPPORT, WE ARE READY TO GO!

## MULTICHANNEL PROMOTION AND PATIENT SUPPORT PROGRAMS IN PLACE

**PEPAXTO is a peptide-drug conjugate that uses innovative technology<sup>1,2</sup>**

PEPAXTO is the first anticancer peptide-drug conjugate for adult patients with MM who have received at least 4 prior lines and are triple-class refractory<sup>1,2</sup>

PEPAXTO links a peptide carrier to a cytotoxic payload, resulting in a lipophilic compound<sup>3</sup>



Due to its lipophilicity, PEPAXTO is passively distributed into cells<sup>4</sup>

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

PEPAXTO may cause thrombocytopenia, which may lead to hemorrhage. Monitor platelets at baseline, during treatment, and as clinically indicated. Monitor more frequently during the first 2 months of treatment with PEPAXTO. Do not administer PEPAXTO if the platelet count is less than 50 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L. Withhold PEPAXTO until platelet count is 50 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L or greater and resume at same or reduced dose based on duration of interruption. Adjust dose and/or dose schedule based on signs and symptoms of bleeding.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

PEPAXTO may cause neuropathy, which may lead to infection. Monitor neuropathy counts at baseline, during treatment, and as clinically indicated. Monitor more frequently during the first 2 months of treatment with PEPAXTO. Do not administer PEPAXTO if the neuropathy count is less than 1 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L. Withhold PEPAXTO until absolute neutrophil count is 1 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L or greater and resume at same or reduced dose based on duration of interruption. Consider neutropenic growth factor as clinically appropriate.

Please see additional important safety information throughout.

**Pepaxto**  
melphalan flufenamide  
injection for intravenous use 20 mg/vial

**ON COURSE™**  
with oncopeptides

### Ensuring Patient Access and Appropriate Support During Therapy

**ACCESS**

- Benefits Investigation
- Prior Authorization Support
- Denials / Appeals Support

**AFFORD**

- Alternative Funding Referral
- CoPay Card Program
- PAP (Free Drug)

**ADHERE**

- Nurse Support Calls\*
- Texting / Reminders / Social Media
- Educational Tools, Materials and Resources
- \*For better clinical outcomes on therapy

## Now Approved



**PEPAXTO is the First Peptide Drug Conjugate approved for Triple Class Refractory patients who have received at least 4 prior lines of therapy**

### Faculty information



**Joseph Mikhael, MD**  
Professor, Applied Cancer Research and Drug Discovery  
Translational Genomics Research Institute (TGen)  
City of Hope Cancer Center



**Joshua Richter, MD**  
Assistant Professor of Medicine, Tisch Cancer Institute  
Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai  
Director of Multiple Myeloma  
Blavatnik Family – Chelsea Medical Center at Mount Sinai

**Heavily pretreated patients were evaluated in the HORIZON study<sup>1</sup>**

Median (6) prior lines of therapy  
(Range: 4-12 lines)

| Prior treatment <sup>1</sup>              | Indicated population (n=40) |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Documented refractory status, %           | 100                         |
| Immunomodulatory drugs, %                 | 100                         |
| Proteasome inhibitors, %                  | 100                         |
| Refractory to prior alkylating therapy, % | 100                         |

**ORR 23.7%**  
(95% CI: 10.7, 39.4)

**MEDIAN DOR 4.2 MONTHS**  
(95% CI: 3.2, 7.4)

**PEPAXTO + dexamethasone showed a clinically meaningful response in the indicated population<sup>1</sup>**

**EFFICACY RESULTS IN TRIPLE-CLASS REFRACTORY PATIENTS WHO HAVE RECEIVED AT LEAST 4 PRIOR LINES<sup>1,2</sup>**

ORR was achieved by 14% and 9% of patients, respectively<sup>1</sup>

- Median time to response was 2.1 months (range: 1 to 8.1 months)
- Median PFS was 3.8 months (95% CI: 3.1, 4.6)\*
- Median OS was 8.1 months (95% CI: 6.4, 10.0)\*

**Responses in subset patients with EMO (n=40)<sup>1</sup>**

- ORR was 100% (95% CI: 92, 100)
- Median PFS was 3.8 months (95% CI: 1.8, not estimable)
- Median OS was 8.8 months (95% CI: 18, 85)

The statistical analysis plan of the EMO patient population was not prospectively defined; it does not control for type I error.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Secondary malignancies such as myelodysplastic syndromes or acute leukemia have been reported in patients with multiple myeloma who were treated with PEPAXTO. Monitor patients long term for the development of secondary malignancies.

Based on the mechanism of action, PEPAXTO may cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Because it is genotoxic and targets actively dividing cells, advise pregnant women of the potential risk to the fetus. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with PEPAXTO and for 3 months after the last dose. Advise males with female partners of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with PEPAXTO and for 3 months after the last dose.

Please see additional important safety information throughout.

**Pepaxto**  
melphalan flufenamide  
injection for intravenous use 20 mg/vial

This site is intended for US healthcare professionals only | Patient Website

**Now Approved**  
for some patients with triple-class refractory multiple myeloma

PEPAXTO is the first anticancer peptide-drug conjugate<sup>1,2</sup>

**Efficacy**

Explore the clinical trial results from the HORIZON study

**Safety**

Find out about the safety profile of PEPAXTO

**Mechanism of Action**

Discover the MOA for the first anticancer peptide-drug conjugate<sup>1,2</sup>

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

PEPAXTO is contraindicated in patients with a history of serious allergic reaction to melphalan, flufenamide or melphalan.

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## NOW APPROVED



**oncopeptides**

PEPAXTO is the first anticancer peptide-drug conjugate<sup>1,2</sup>

Explore the clinical trial results from the HORIZON study

Find out about the safety profile of PEPAXTO

Discover the MOA for the first anticancer peptide-drug conjugate<sup>1,2</sup>

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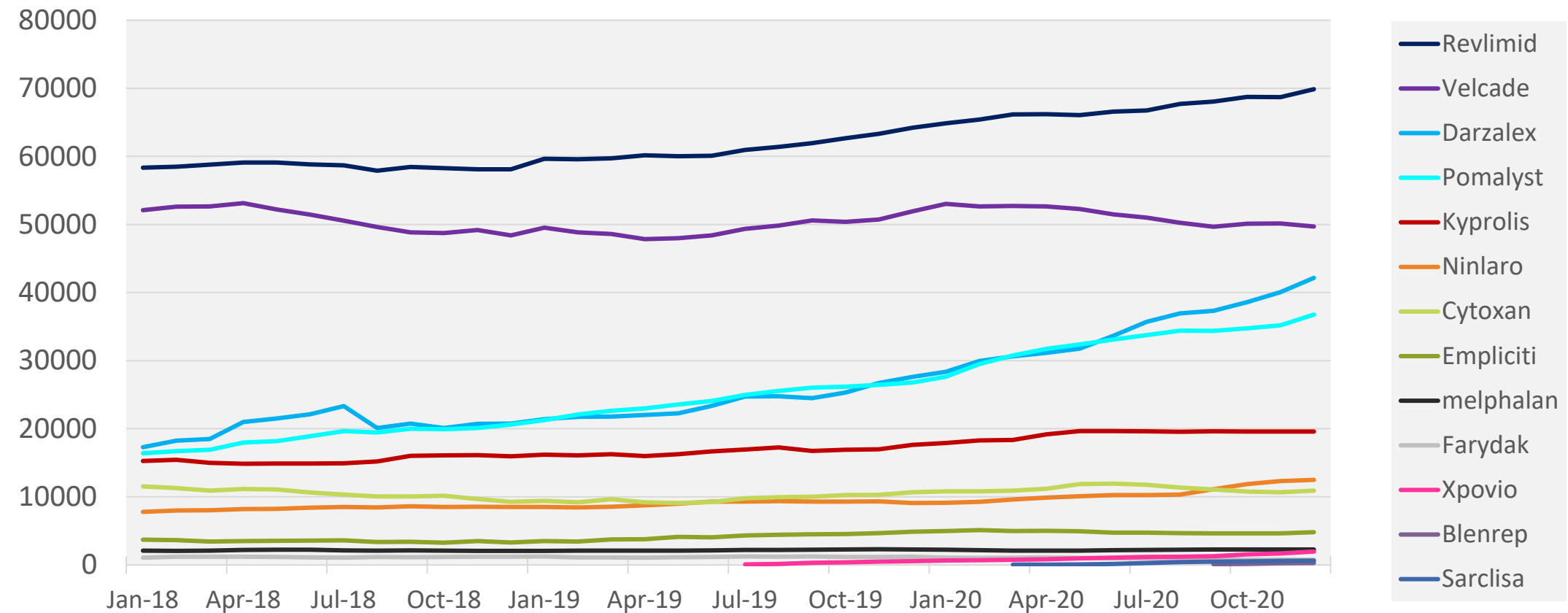


**Pepaxto®**  
(melphalan flufenamide)  
injection for intravenous use 20 mg/vial

# NEWER PRODUCTS ON TOP OF OLDER AS SURVIVAL IMPROVES

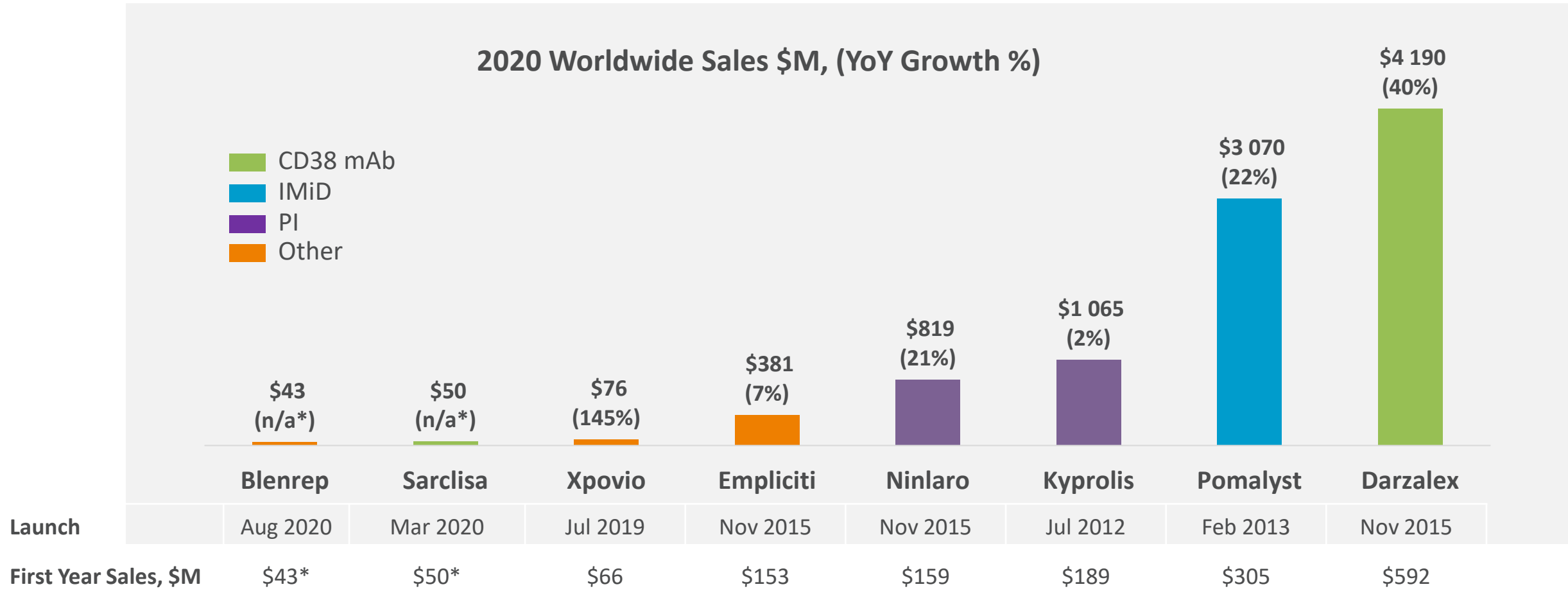
## NEED OF NEW TREATMENT OPTIONS

US MM # of Total Patients by Product



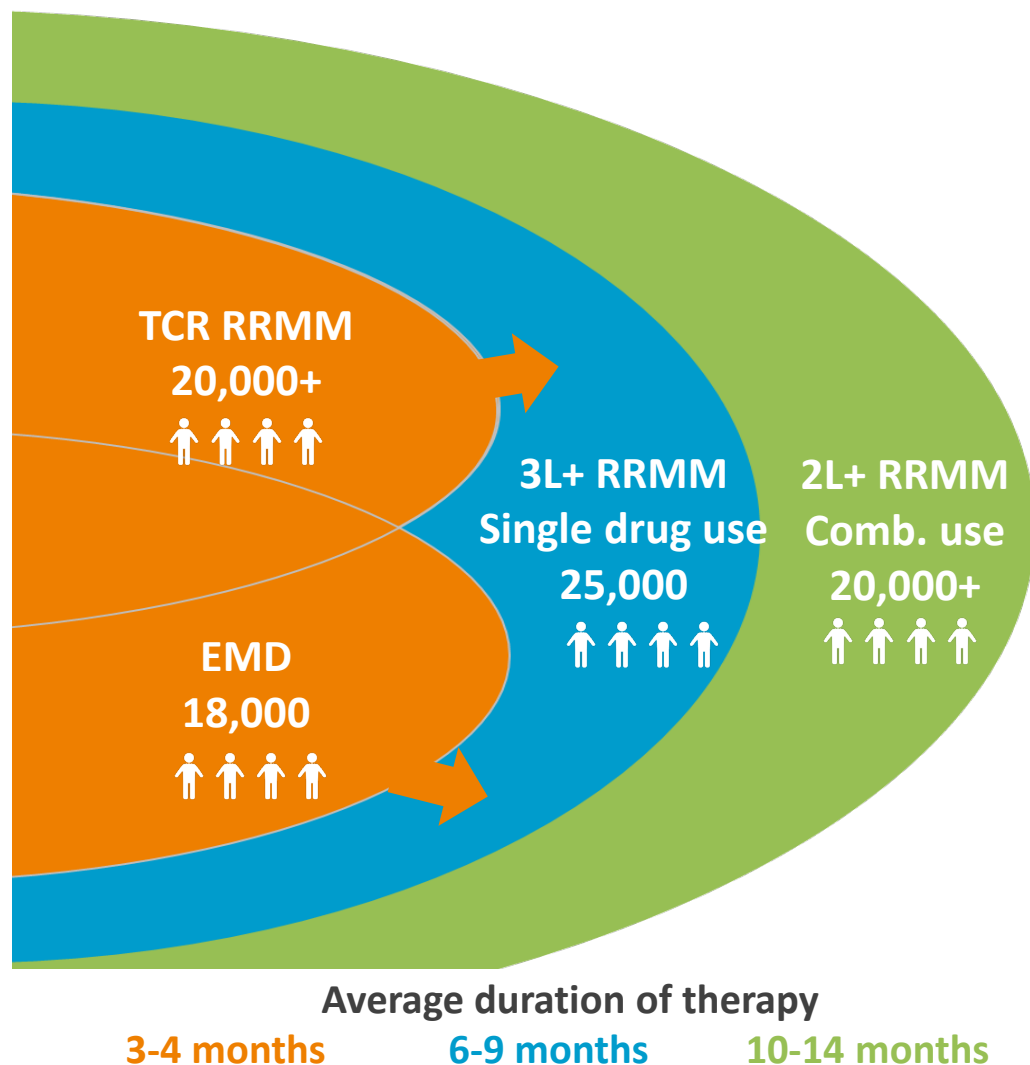
Source: Intrinsiq MAT, December 2020

# DRUGS WITH PEPAXTO'S PROFILE HAVE A SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL



# DEVELOPING PEPAXTO FOR RRMM PATIENTS

## US MARKET – CURRENT GROSS PATIENT NUMBERS



### Clinical program supports label expansion



Approval in triple-class refractory (TCR) patients who have received at least 4L of treatment



Head-to-head study with pomalidomide may enable single agent 3L+ use



Combination with PI or anti-CD38 may enable 2L+ combination treatment

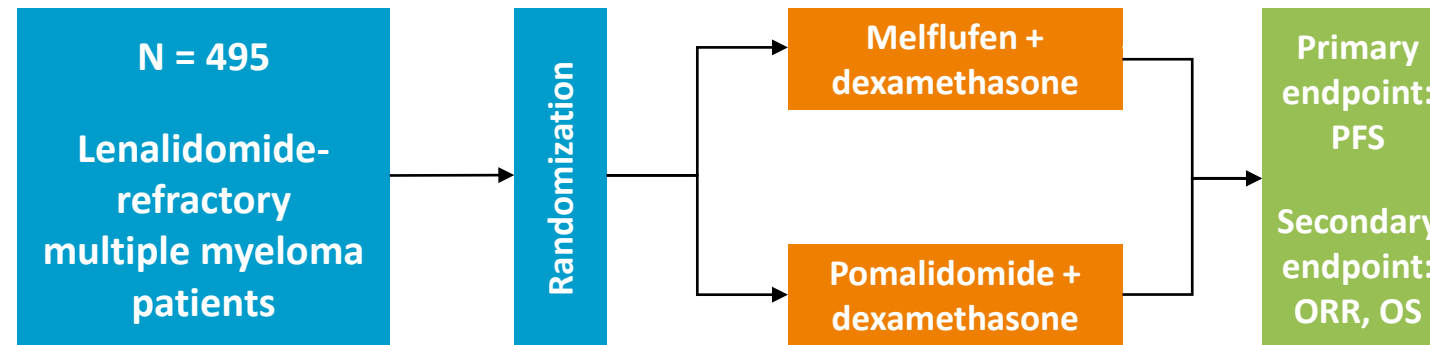
# LABEL EXPANSION OPPORTUNITY WITH PHASE 3 OCEAN STUDY

## CONFIRMATORY STUDY – TOPLINE RESULTS Q2 2021



### Head-to-Head study versus pomalidomide

Patients have failed 2-4 lines prior therapy, including refractory to lenalidomide within 18 months or have progressed on lenalidomide within 60 days of randomization



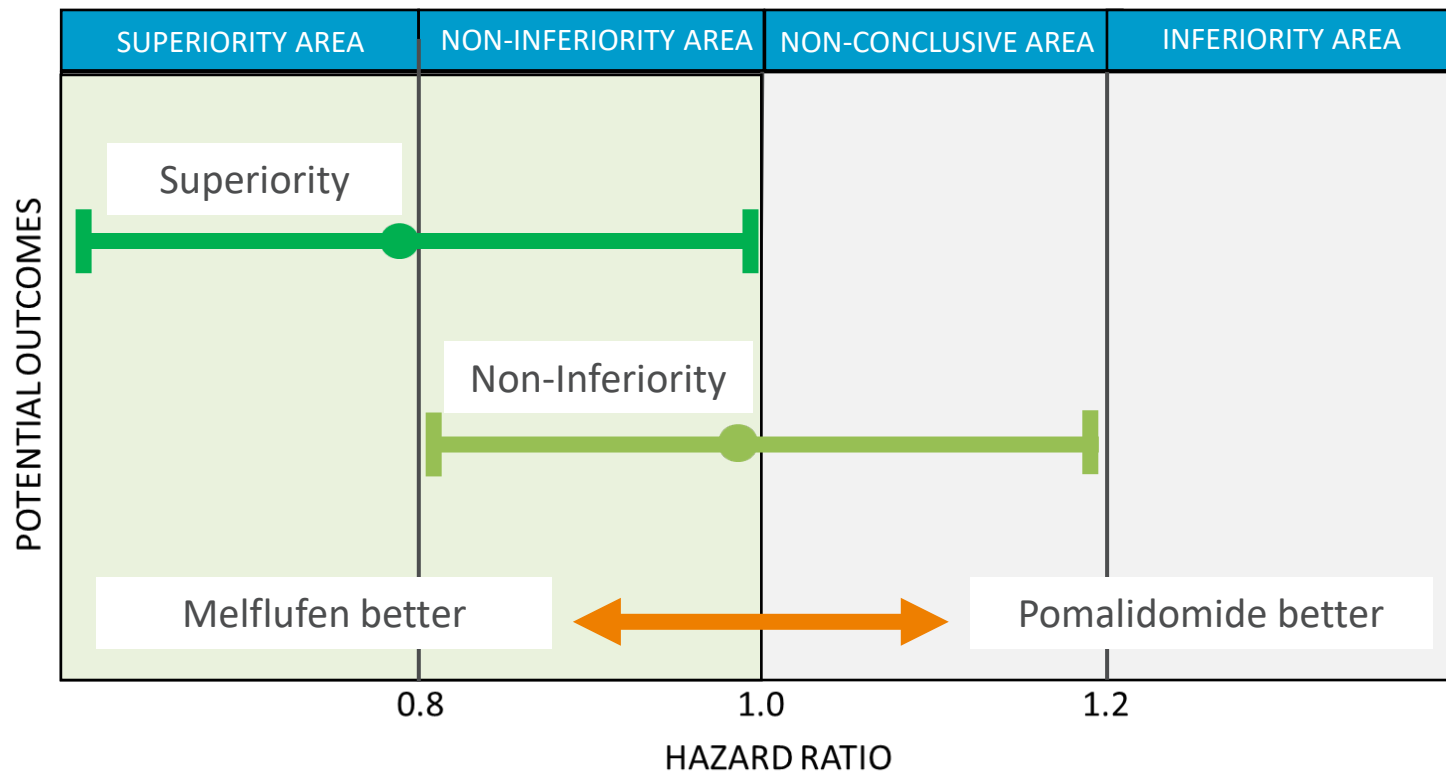
### RRMM data from pomalidomide FDA label and O-12-M1 study

| Treatment                      | ORR | CBR | Median PFS | Median DOR | Median OS   |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|-------------|
| Melflufen + Dexamethasone      | 31% | 49% | 5.7 months | 8.8 months | 20.7 months |
| Pomalidomide+<br>Dexamethasone | 24% | NR  | 3.6 months | 7.0 months | 12.4 months |

# TWO WAYS TO MEET THE PRIMARY ENDPOINT IN OCEAN

## HEAD-TO-HEAD STUDY WITH POMALIDOMIDE – TOPLINE RESULTS Q2 2021

- OCEAN meets its primary endpoint with a Superiority or Non-inferiority result



| OUTCOME                                       | FDA         | EMA |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|
| Primary endpoint met - <b>Superiority</b>     | ✓           | ✓   |
| Primary endpoint met - <b>Non-inferiority</b> | Data driven | ✓   |
| Primary endpoint <b>not met</b>               | ✗           | ✗   |

# LIGHTHOUSE STUDY - BASED ON POSITIVE ANCHOR DATA

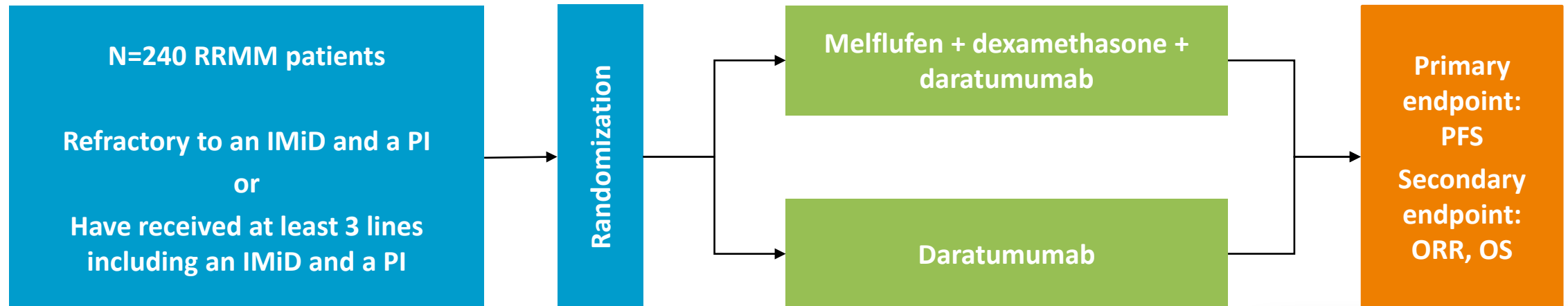
## CONFIRMATORY PHASE 3 STUDY – INITIATED IN DECEMBER 2020

### Phase 3 study with melflufen in multiple myeloma

- Melflufen + daratumumab vs daratumumab randomized 1:1
- Subcutaneous version of daratumumab
- Based on promising melflufen + daratumumab data from ANCHOR (ORR 73%, m PFS 12.9 months)

### Objectives

- Expand market potential – expand label for melflufen in combination with daratumumab

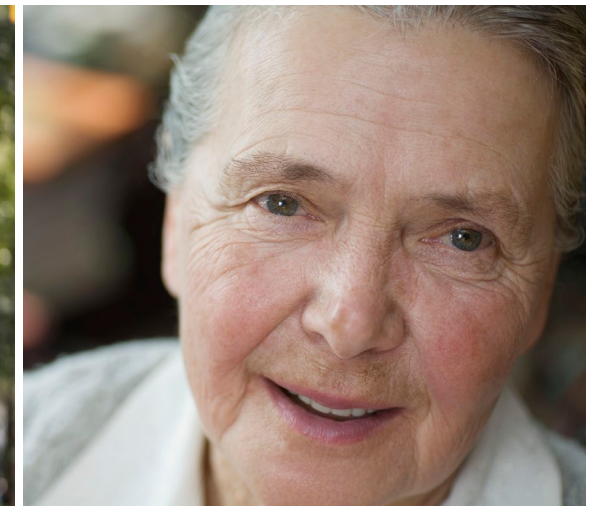
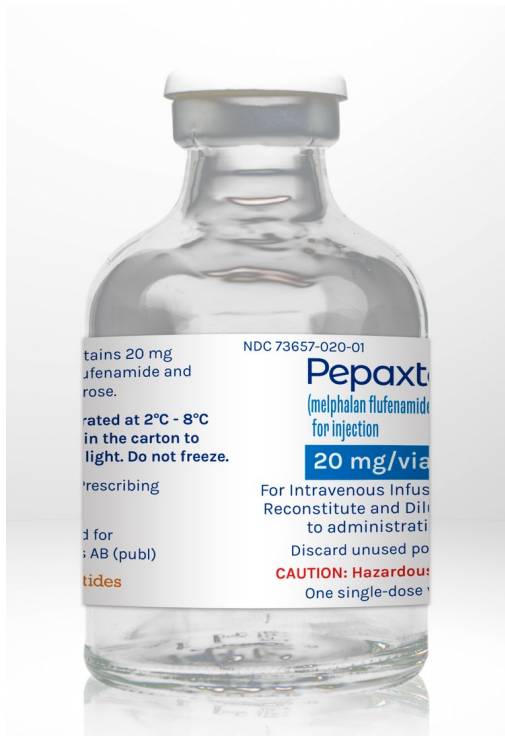


# NEWS FLOW

## VALUE DRIVERS AND MAJOR MILESTONES

| Q4 2020                                    | Q1 2021                                                                           | Q2 2021                    | H2 2021                                    | H1 2022                              |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Expanded Access Program (US) opened        | Accelerated approval in US                                                        | Top-line results OCEAN     | Results BRIDGE                             | Potential conditional approval in EU |
| Intent to file for EU conditional approval | Commercial launch in the US                                                       | Application for CMA to EMA | Results PORT                               | Final results ANCHOR                 |
| Loan agreement with EIB for € 40 M         |  | FPI COAST (OPD5)           | LPI ANCHOR                                 | LPI LIGHTHOUSE                       |
| IND filing OPD5                            |                                                                                   | LPI PORT                   | LPI BRIDGE                                 | Potential sNDA submission OCEAN      |
| ASH abstract including ANCHOR data         |                                                                                   | EHA data update            | LPI ASCENT                                 | Extension of EU indication on OCEAN  |
| Virtual CMD                                |                                                                                   |                            | FPI LANTERN (EMD)                          |                                      |
| ANCHOR presentation at ASH                 |                                                                                   |                            | FPI in "signal seeking" melflufen trial(s) |                                      |
| HORIZON publication Journal Clin Onc       |                                                                                   |                            |                                            |                                      |
| First patient in LIGHTHOUSE                |                                                                                   |                            |                                            |                                      |

# ADDRESSING A GROWING UNMET MEDICAL NEED



# Q & A



bringing hope through science